AUTUMN SPRING SUMMER DUNGFONS AND DRAGONS HISTORY GEOGRAPHY HISTORY TO BUILD AN OVERVIEW OF WORLD TO INVESTIGATE PLACES TO INVESTIGATE AND INTERPRET THE PAST **HISTORY** Ask and answer geographical Observe or handle evidence to ask questions (such as: What is this Describe historical events. questions and find answers to questions place like? What or who will I see Describe significant people from about the past. in this place? What do people do in the past. Ask questions such as: What was it like Recognise that there are reasons this place?). for people? What happened? How long why people in the past acted as Use world maps, atlases and globes they did. to identify the United Kingdom and Use artefacts, pictures, stories, online its countries, as well as the sources and databases to find out about TO UNDERSTAND CHRONOLOGY countries, continents and oceans the past. Place events and artefacts in order studied. on a time line. **TO INVESTIGATE PATTERNS** Identify some of the different ways the Label time lines with words or Understand geographical past has been represented. phrases such as: past, present, similarities and differences through TO COMMUNICATE HISTORICALLY SCIENCE LINK older and newer. studying the human and physical Use words and phrases such as: a long Recount changes that have geography of a small area of the time ago, recently, when my occurred in their own lives. United Kingdom and of a parents/carers were children, years, Use dates where appropriate. contrasting non-European country. decades and centuries to describe Identify seasonal and daily weather the passing of time. TO INVESTIGATE PLACES SCIENCE LINK patterns in the United Kingdom and the location of hot and cold areas Show an understanding of the concept of of the world in relation to the nation and a nation's history. Name and locate the world's Equator and the North and South continents and oceans. Poles. Show an understanding of concepts such Identify land use around the school. as civilisation, monarchy, parliament, TO COMMUNICATE GEOGRAPHICALLY democracy, and war and peace. **TO COMMUNICATE GEOGRAPHICALLY** TO COMMUNICATE GEOGRAPHICALLY Use basic geographical vocabulary to

- Use compass directions (north, south, east and west) and locational language (e.g. near and far) to describe the location of features and routes on a map.
- Devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key. Use simple grid references (A1, B1).

Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: key human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office and shop.

refer to: key physical features, including: beach, coast, forest, hill, mountain, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation and weather.

TO INVESTIGATE PLACES

- Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of the school and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment.
- Use aerial images and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic physical features.
- Name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas.
- Identify the key features of a location in order to say whether it is a city, town, village, coastal or rural area.